

**MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET****SECTION 1: CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION**

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**NAME: IBM Infoprint 1130, 1140 Toner Cartridge**  
**IBM Part Number: 28P2007, 28P2008, 28P2009, 28P2010, 53P7983, 39V2283IBM**  
**Material Reference Number: 940086100**  
**CREATION DATE: 26 June 2001 REVISION DATE: 11 January, 2012**

**SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION CLASSIFICATION:**

**EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: May cause respiratory tract or skin irritation. May form flammable or explosive dust-air mixtures. Avoid chronic pulmonary exposures to dust. Avoid exposure to eyes, kin or clothing (will stain). Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation**

Low hazard for usual industrial or commercial handling by trained personnel. Under solid form, this material is not considered to be hazardous in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200.

**Potential Health Effects**

**Inhalation:** Under normal conditions of intended use, this material is not expected to be an inhalation hazard. However: Vapor may be irritating.

**Eye Contact:** Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

**Skin Contact:** Under normal conditions of intended use, this material does not pose a risk to health. However: Liquid may irritate the skin.

**Ingestion:** No harmful effects expected in amounts likely to be ingested by accident.

**Chronic Health Effects:** None known.

**Target Organ(s):** | Respiratory system | Eye | Skin |

**Potential Physical / Chemical Effects:** This product is not flammable.

**OSHA Regulatory Status:** This product is not hazardous according to OSHA 29CFR 1910.1200.

**Environment:** No data available.

### **SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**COMPONENT:**

Iron oxide

CAS NUMBER: 1317-61-9, 12227-89-3

PERCENTAGE: (5-15%)

**COMPONENT:** Polyester Resin

CAS NUMBER: (1)

PERCENTAGE: (50-90%)

**COMPONENT:** Pigment

CAS NUMBER: 12227-89-3

PERCENTAGE: not specified

**COMPONENT:**

Carbon Black

CAS NUMBER: 1333-86-4

PERCENTAGE: 1-10%

**COMPONENT:**

Polymer Wax

CAS NUMBER: (2)

PERCENTAGE: 0.5-5%

**COMPONENT:** Amorphous Silica

CAS NUMBER: 68909-20-6

PERCENTAGE: 0.5-5%

**COMPONENT:** Polyethylene Wax

CAS NUMBER: 9002-88-4

PERCENTAGE: 0.5-5%

(1) New Jersey Trade Secret Registration Number 80100286-6001P

(2) Trade secret or patented molecule.

### **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

**INHALATION:** Remove from area of exposure. Seek medical attention if difficulty in breathing is experienced.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Wash affected area with soap and water. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

**EYE CONTACT:** Flush immediately with large amounts of running water for 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

**INGESTION:** If conscious wash out mouth with water. Dilute stomach contents with 1-2 glasses of water. Seek medical attention.

## **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

**CONDITIONS OF FLAMMABILITY:** see section 10

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:** Water, dry chemical or foam.

**FIRE FIGHTING:** Fire may produce hazardous decomposition products such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, and unidentified organics. NIOSH approved self-contained breathing apparatus may be required.

**FLASH POINT (METHOD):** Not applicable.

**LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT:** Not available.

**UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT:** Not available.

**AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE:** Not available.

**HAZARDOUS COMBUSTION PRODUCTS:** CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, and low molecular weight organics.

**EXPLOSION DATA:** Like many finely divided materials, toner dust, in high concentrations can form an explosion mixture in air which, if ignited, could result in dust explosion.

## **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

**Personal Precautions:** Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 8 of the MSDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

**Spill Cleanup Methods:** Sweep or scoop up and remove. Collect and dispose of spillage as indicated in section 13 of the MSDS.

**Environmental Precautions:** Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

**Notification Procedures:** Inform authorities if large amounts are involved.

## **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Store away from oxidizing materials. When handling, minimize generation of dust. Supply adequate ventilation. Store in a cool dry place.

## **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION**

### ***EXPOSURE LIMITS:***

#### **IRON OXIDE :**

**5 mg/M<sup>3</sup>ACGIH TWA TLV - ACGIH (TOTAL DUST MEASURED AS IRON)**

**AMORPHOUS SILICA**

**15 mg/M<sup>3</sup>OSHA PEL**

**5 mg/M<sup>3</sup>OSHA PEL (RESPIRABLE FRACTION)**

**10 mg/M<sup>3</sup>ACGIH TLV**

#### **CARBON BLACK:**

**3.5 mg/M<sup>3</sup>OSHA TWA PEL**

**3.5 mg/M<sup>3</sup>ACGIH TWA TLV - ACGIH A4 - Not classifiable as a human carcinogen  
(Proposed addition 1995-1996)**

**3.5 mg/M<sup>3</sup>NIOSH recommended 10 hour TWA**

**0.1 mg/M<sup>3</sup>NIOSH recommended 10 hour TWA (in the presence of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons)**

**Measurement method:** Particulate filter; gravimetric; (NIOSH III # 5000).

**In Canada, consult local authorities for acceptable provincial values.**

**VENTILATION:** Provide adequate ventilation (ASHRAE 62)

**RESPIRATOR:** No respirator is required under normal conditions of use. Under conditions of frequent or heavy exposure protection may be needed.

**EYE PROTECTION:** If significant eye exposure is anticipated, the use of chemical splash goggles is recommended.

**EYE WASH:** Where there is a potential for eye exposure to this substance, an eye wash fountain should be provided within the immediate work area for emergency use.

**CLOTHING:** Protective clothing not required under normal conditions.

**PROTECTIVE GLOVES:** If significant skin exposure is anticipated, appropriate gloves should be worn to prevent skin contact with this substance.

## **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**PHYSICAL STATE:** (solid) powder

**ODOR AND APPEARANCE:** Black powdery material, with slight odor.

**BOILING POINT:** Not applicable

**FREEZING POINT:** Not available

**VAPOR PRESSURE:** Not applicable

**VAPOR DENSITY:** Not applicable

**SPECIFIC GRAVITY:** Not available

**WATER SOLUBILITY:** Negligible

**VOLATILITY:** Not applicable

**PH:** Not applicable

**ODOR THRESHOLD:** not available

**EVAPORATION RATE:** Not applicable

**COEFFICIENT OF WATER/OIL DISTRIBUTION:** Not available

**PRESSURIZED (Y/N):** N

## **SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

**STABILITY:** Stable

**CONDITIONS TO AVOID:** none known

**INCOMPATIBLE MATERIALS:** Strong oxidizing agents.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:** CO, CO<sub>2</sub> and unidentified organics.

**POLYMERIZATION:** Will not occur.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**CARBON BLACK:**

**TOXICITY DATA:** >10 gm/kg oral-rat LD50 (EM Science MSDS); 120 mg/kg intravenous-rat LD50 (THIDD6).**CARCINOGEN STATUS:**

**Human Data:** Epidemiological studies of workers in carbon black producing industries of North America and Western Europe show no evidence of clinically significant adverse health effects due to occupational exposure to carbon black. Early studies performed in the former USSR and Eastern Europe report respiratory disease among workers exposed to carbon black, including: bronchitis, pneumoconiosis, emphysema, and rhinitis. These studies are of questionable validity due to inadequate study design and methodology, lack of appropriate controls for smoking tobacco, and other confounding variables such as exposures to carbon monoxide, coal oil, and petroleum vapors. Furthermore, review of these studies indicates that work environment concentrations of carbon black were considerably greater than current occupational exposure standards. In its Monograph Volume 65, issued April 1996, IARC reevaluated carbon black and concluded that "there is *inadequate evidence* in humans for the carcinogenicity of carbon black".

**Animal Data:** Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been observed in some rats exposed experimentally, for long periods of time, to excessive concentrations of carbon black and several other fine dust particles. Tumors have not been observed in other animal species (i.e. mice, hamsters) under similar circumstances and study conditions. Many researchers conducting rat inhalation toxicity studies believe that these effects most likely result from the massive accumulation of fine dust particles in the lung, which overwhelm the lung clearance mechanisms, resulting in "lung overload" phenomenon, rather than from a specific chemical effect associated with the dust particles in the lung.

Many inhalation toxicologists believe that the tumor response observed in the referenced rat studies is species-specific and does not correlate to human exposure. However, the IARC reevaluation in Volume 65 concluded that "there is *sufficient evidence* in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black".

Based upon this reevaluation, IARC's overall evaluation is that "carbon black is *possibly carcinogenic to humans (IARC Group-2B)*".

Carbon black has not been listed as a carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program (NTP), nor the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

**LOCAL EFFECTS:** Irritant - inhalation, skin.

**ACUTE TOXICITY LEVEL:** Slightly toxic by ingestion

**TARGET EFFECTS:** Toxic overexposure may affect the respiratory system, the heart, skin and mucous membranes.

**AT INCREASED RISK FROM EXPOSURE:** Persons with certain pre-existing upper respiratory disorders, such as bronchitis or asthma

**PRODUCT DATA:**

**TOXICITY DATA:**

**LD50 (oral, rat):** expected to be > 5000 mg/kg, based on data from similar toners

**LD50 (rbt, skin):** not available

**LC50 (rat, ihl):** expected to be > 5000 mg/kg, based on data from similar toners

**ACUTE TOXICITY LEVEL:** Not expected to be acutely toxic

**CHRONIC TOXICITY:** Not expected to be chronically toxic. Industry tests on similar generic toner showed no signs of overt toxicity. Rats exposed to high levels of toner showed a chronic inflammatory response and a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis. There were no pulmonary changes of any type at the lower toner exposure level, which is most relevant in regard to potential human exposures. Long term exposure to excessive concentration of iron oxide-containing dusts has resulted in a condition identified as siderosis, a relatively benign pneumoconiosis, caused by deposition of iron oxide particles in the lung. Pure carbon black, a minor component of this toner, has been listed by IARC as a group 2B (possible carcinogen) based on rat lung particulate overload studies. Toner is not listed by IARC, NTP, or OSHA.

## **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT RATING (0-4):** Not available.

**ACUTE AQUATIC TOXICITY:** Not available.

**DEGRADABILITY:** Not available.

**LOG BIOCONCENTRATION FACTOR (BCF):** Not available

**LOG OCTANOL/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT:** Not available

## **SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**This product is not a listed or hazardous waste in accordance with Federal Regulation 40 CFR Part 261.**

**General Information:** Dispose in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local regulations.

**Disposal Methods:** No specific disposal method required.

**Container:** No special precautions.

## **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**DOT** Not regulated.

**TDG** Not regulated.

**IATA** Not regulated.

**IMDG** Not regulated.

## **SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**UNITED STATES:**

**TSCA INVENTORY STATUS (Y/N):** Yes or under polymer exemption

All ingredients are registered or considered registered (polymers) under EINECS/ELINCS.

All ingredients are listed in Australian Inventory of Commercial Substances (AICS), registered in Australia or exempt.

All ingredients are listed on the PICCS, are registered, or are exempt.

NONE of the ingredients in this product has a final reportable quantity (RQ) under EPCRA-Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances, or notification requirements for EHS under Section 304.

Components Present above the minimum quantities of listed chemicals in EPCRA - Section 313  
Supplier Notification: The toner product contains <5% of a zinc compound

This product contains no known materials which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm - California Proposition 65

**CANADA: This product is a “manufactured article” and is exempt from the new substances provisions of the Canadian Environmental Protection Act.**

**WHMIS Classification - Manufactured article’ therefore, product is exempt under WHMIS**

## **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

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